

		Word of the week					
Autumn 1	Week 1	Week 1         Week 2         Week 3         Week 4         Week 5         Week 6					
	hilarious	privilege	gather	offend	examine	livid	realistic
Autumn 2	inspirational	empathise	thrilled	inability	suitable	extravagant	blatant

	What will I know?	How will I learn it?	Vocabulary
History	<ul> <li>Uses timelines to place events in order.</li> <li>Understands timeline can be divided into BC and AD.</li> <li>Uses words and phrases: century, decade.</li> <li>Uses evidence to describe past: <ul> <li>Houses and settlements</li> <li>Culture and leisure activities</li> <li>Clothes, way of life and actions of people</li> <li>Buildings and their uses</li> <li>Uses evidence to find out how any of these may have changed during a time period. Describes similarities and differences between people, events and objects</li> <li>Uses printed sources, the internet, pictures, photos, music, artefacts, historic buildings and visits to collect information about the past.</li> <li>Asks questions such as 'how did people? What did people do for?'</li> <li>Suggests sources of evidence to use to help answer questions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Whore does the stone age fit in history?  - Wright brothers, stone age, bronze age, iron age, Cadburys factory, Queens birthday, dinosaurs lived, Romans started invading.  - Physically sort - Photograph timelines and write paragraph in book.  What was life like during the Neotholic period? - Sorting clothing/houses/ activities - Bronze age, stone age, iron age. How do we know about stone age life if there were no photographs? - Archaeology (link to science and F2) - Settlements - On the Wirral? - Skara brae (well known) – comparison  What is mystery surrounding Stone henge? - What is stone henge? - Mystery surrounding it Research using iPads/QR codes - Create a poster  How did people protect themselves in the stone age? - Hunter gatherer and farming - Weaponry - Museum pictures - Create a leaflet  ASSESSMENT – Which humans lived on the Wirral first? - And how do you know? - How did those people live?	decade     ancient     century     period / era     settlers     settlement     civilization     archaeologists     archaeology     excavate     evidence     information     finding skills     historian     historical     Change     sources

Geography	understand why there are	I can locate the UK on a map and key cities in the UK.	Aerial view
Geography	similarities and differences between	- Discuss what a map is	Atlas
	places	- Locate the UK on a world map	Coast
	<ul> <li>develop an awareness of how</li> </ul>	- On a map of the UK locate the capital cities, countries, Wirral, Greasby and	Compass points
	places relate to each other	Moreton.	Country
	<ul> <li>communicate findings in ways</li> </ul>	I can explain what a 4 figure grid reference is and the 8 compass points.	County
	appropriate to the task or for the	- Show the children trimmings of different maps highlighting grid references	City
	audience	and compass points.	Great Britain
	<ul> <li>use and interpret maps, globes,</li> </ul>	- Discuss what the 8 compass points are.	UK
	atlases and digital/computer mapping to	- Explain what 4 figure grid references are and why we have them.	
	locate countries and key features		England
	<ul> <li>use four figure grid references</li> </ul>	I can identify key symbols on a map.	Scotland
	<ul> <li>use the 8 points of a compass</li> </ul>	- Show the children symbols from a map – what do we think they show on a	Wales
	<ul> <li>make plans and maps using</li> </ul>	map	Northern Ireland
	symbols and keys	- Play a matching game with the symbols	Island
	identify where countries are within	- Create a symbol 'crib sheet'.	Peninsular
	the UK and the key topographical features		Map symbols
	name and locate the cities of the	I can identify key places along a route in my local area	
	UK	- Go for a walk in our local area and take photographs/pinpoint key points	
		of interest.	
		- Use the photographs to create a large scale map.	
		I can draw a map of my local area.	
		- Using our photographs – draw a map using symbols, grid references and	
		compass points of our immediate local area.	
Art / DT	<u>Art</u>	<u>ART</u>	<u>Art</u>
	Cave paintings –	Research different cave paintings. Create collage in sketchbook.	Fine
	Use a sketchbook to record media	Practise drawing different animals from cave paintings.	Narrow
		rractise drawing different animals from cave paintings.	Pattern
	explorations and experimentations as well as planning and collecting source material for	Experiment with using charcoal to draw cave paintings	Line
			Natural
	future works.	Practise using charcoal to create cave painting style pictures larger.	Observation
	Discuss own and others work, expressing	Wash on a torus to proste a final large and a grown scientists	Charcoal
	thoughts and feelings, and using knowledge	Work as a team to create a final large scale cave painting.	Drawing pencil
	and understanding of artists and techniques.		Change
	and understanding of artists and techniques.		Improve
	<u>DT</u>	<u>DT</u>	

	I		T	
	Plan the order of their work before starting	Research stone age houses	<u>DT</u>	
	Explore, develop and communicate design	Trial out how to create strong structures	annotated diagram materials	
	proposals by modelling ideas	Design their own stane age house	appearance, net	
	Make drawings with labels when designing	Design their own stone age house	artefact scoring,	
	Work safely and accurately with a range of	Make a small stone age house	evaluation structure	
	simple tools	Thate a small stone age house	three-dimensional	
	Think about their ideas as they make	Evaluate their stone age house.	adhesive	
	progress and be willing change things if this	·	lollipop sticks	
	helps them improve their work		masking tape	
	Use finishing techniques strengthen and		scissors,	
	improve the appearance of their product		30133013,	
	using a range of equipment			
	Evaluate their product against original design			
	criteria e.g. how well it meets its intended			
	purpose			
	purpose			
Computing	Enter data into a computer simulation,	E-safety	e-safety	
	change data and observe changes in results.		website	
	Develop key questions to search for specific	Google Earth	safe	
	information to answer a problem		personal information	
	Identify keywords to narrow searches	QR codes	sharing	
	Begin to understand how a search engine		QR code	
	locates information and that information is	Google searches	Scan	
	not always suitable		Safety	
	Use a range of techniques to navigate a given	https://www.commonsense.org/education/digital-citizenship/curriculum	Strangers	
	site		Suitable	
	Use given information to answer specific		Weblinks	
	questions, and evaluate how appropriate a		Webpages	
	site is		Search engine	
	Access suitable sites selected by the teacher		risks	
	by following links; share suitable sites with			
	others in the class			
	Work within the internet safety rules,			
	understand why they are in place and abide			
	by them.			
	Explain how to keep safe and the importance			
	of being polite online.			

Music	Charanga Autumn 1 and Autumn 2	Charanga Autumn 1 and Autumn 2	Notation
	Explore ways of representing high and low	Developing notation skills	Dot notation
	sounds, and long and short sounds, using	Enjoying improvisation	Stave
	symbols and any appropriate means of	Become more skilled in improvising (using voices, tuned and untuned percussion,	Beat
	notation.	and instruments played in whole class/group/individual/instrumental teaching),	Crochet
	Explore standard notation, using minims,	inventing short 'on-the-spot' responses using a limited note-range.	Quavers
	semibreves, dotted crotchets, crotchets,	Compose over a simple groove.	Crochet rest
	quavers and semiquavers, and simple	Compose over a drone.	
	combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A,	Structure musical ideas (eg using echo or 'Question and Answer' phrases) to create	
	B♭ , C G, A, B, C, D, E E, F♯, G♯, A, B	music that has a beginning, middle and end.	
	Read and respond to semibreves, minims,	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from	
	crotchets and paired quavers.	notation, in C major, F major, G major and E major.	
	Identify and understand the differences	Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument, such as a violin	
	between crotchets and paired quavers.	or recorder.	
	Apply spoken word to rhythms,	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, F, G C, D,	
	understanding how to link each syllable to	E, G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D, E G, A, B, C, D F, G, A F, G, A, C, D	
	one musical note.		

## Science

## **Rocks and Fossils**

compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties

describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter

## Animals, including humans

identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.

Sort rocks based on physical properties and class of rock.  $% \label{eq:control_properties} % \label{eq:control_properties} % \label{eq:control_properties} %$ 

Explore the properties of rocks.

Make their own sedimentary rock using chocolate or crayon.

Look at fossils- explore the types of fossils and what they tell us.

Research Mary Anning and make a poster about it.

Children to look at the food groups and sort into the correct boxes. Children to explore packaging and observe what makes up food. Look at nutrients and see how they help the body.

Children to look at skeletons and classify into invertebrates and vertebrates.

Explore the human skeleton and the names for different bones.

Children to understand what muscles are and how they work. children to make their own mini muscle and explain how it works.

Material

**Properties** 

Natural rocks

Man-made rocks

Texture

Sedimentary

Igneous

Metamorphic

Fossil

Soil

Compost

Palaeontologist

Absorbent

classify

food groups

nutrients

carbohydrates

vitamins

minerals

fats and oils

muscles

skeleton

bones

skull

vertebrates

invertebrates

What will I know?	How will I learn it?
Maths Arithmetic Place Value – 3A chapter 1 For explore counting in hundreds, tens and ones.	Follow MNP  Daily MNP lessons – exploration, journal, practice and workbook.

	Mental / Fluency	Times tables practise	
English sequences	Guided Reading	Shared reading – Stig of the dump	4 x 30 minute sessions using VIPERS.

147.00		
Writing	Stone age boy by Satoshi Kitamura	- Prediction – what do we think is going to happen in the story using the
	Dianyontry	front cover to help us? Recap the key discussion points in a prediction.  - Cold write of a diary entry – what can the children already include in a
	<ul><li>Diary entry</li><li>Narrative writing</li></ul>	
		diary entry?
	- Poetry	- Key features of a diary entry – dear diary, time conjunctions, writing in first person, from.
		- Time conjunctions, first person – SPAG based lessons to incorporate in
		their diary entry,
		- Plan a diary entry using a boxed up plan.
		- Draft, edit and write up our diary entry neatly.
		- Read the book to the part where the children fall down the hole. Discuss
		what could happen next.
		<ul> <li>SPAG based lesson – using a/an correctly. Exploring what a consonant</li> </ul>
		and a vowel is.
		- Use similes to describe – what is a simile? How can we use adjectives in
		our narrative writing to help the reader imagine?
		- Plan, draft, edit and write up neatly our ending to stone age boy.
		- Explore 'On the Ning Nang Nong'
		- Look at rhyming word and rhyming couplets
		- Write our own version of 'On the Ning, Nang, Nong' based on the stone
		age – On the Grassy Hill.
		- Prediction - what do we think is going to happen in the story using the
		front cover to help us? Recap the key discussion points in a prediction. Children to
		write as a paragraph instead of answering questions.
		- Describe a character from the book - expanding our vocabulary and up
		levelling adjectives.
	UG by Raymond Briggs	- Receive a letter from UG from the book.
	- Letter writing	- Write a cold write of a letter - what can the children already include in a
	- Non-chronological report	letter?
		- Comparison of how we live to how UG lives. This will form the basis of
		the children's response. Use a table to record this.
		- Identify features of a letter by looking at UG's letter to us – what do we
		think a letter needs? Discuss the key features – address, date, dear, introductory
		paragraph, more information, from
		- Plan our letters using a boxed up plan.

Vocab/Spelling	Jane consodine/SCODE	page.  - Write our non-chronological report about the Stone age,
		<ul> <li>Draft, edit and write our letters up neatly to UG.</li> <li>Cold write of a non-chronological report - What do we remember about non-chronological reports from KS1?</li> <li>Work in groups to identify the key features of a non-chronological reports – heading, subheadings, pictures with captions, factual information written in sentences, questions and rhetorical questions.</li> <li>Work in groups to collate everything we already know about the Stone Age.</li> <li>Research to add more information to what we already know. This will form the basis of our plan.</li> <li>Draft how we want our non-chronological report to be lay out on the</li> </ul>